

TPO/ THPO (N-6His), Mouse, Recombinant

货号:PCK098

产品信息

- 别名 Thrombopoietin; C-mpl Ligand; Megakaryocyte colony-stimulating factor; Megakaryocyte growth and development factor; Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene Ligand; THPO
 物种 Mouse
- 表达宿主 Human Cells
- 序列信息 Ser22-Thr356

N-6His

- 检索号 P40226
- 分子量 36.4 kDa

产品特性

标签



- 纯度 >95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
- 内毒素 < 1.0 EU per µg as determined by LAL test.
- 保存 Lyophilized protein should be stored at -5~-20°C, stable for one year after receipt. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 2-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at -5~-20°C for 3 months.
- 运输 Ambient temperature or ice pack.
- 制剂 Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, 2mM EDTA, pH 7.4.





复融

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 μ g/ml.Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

背景介绍

Thrombopoietin (TPO) is a glyco Protein hormone which belongs to the EPO/ TPO family. It produced by the liver and kidney which regulates the production of platelets.Mature mouse Tpo shares 71% and 81% aa sequence homology with human and rat Tpo, respectively. It is an 80-85 kDa Protein that consists of an N-terminal domain with homology to Erythropoietin (Epo) and a C-terminal domain that contains multiple N-linked and O-linked glycosylation sites. TPO stimulates the production and differentiation of megakaryocytes, the bone marrow cells that bud off large numbers of platelets. Lineage-specific Cytokine affects the proliferation and maturation of megakaryocytes from their committed progenitor cells. It acts at a late stage of megakaryocyte development. It may be the major physiological regulator of circulating platelets.



